
United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC)

15 March 2025

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Resolution adopted by the **Model United Nations organized by YUNA - Austria** for the simulation of the **United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) - Drug Trafficking on Developing Economies - *Breaking Chains, Building Future***.

Proposers: Canada, Iran, US, Mexico, Nigeria

Signatories: Canada, Iran, US, Mexico, Nigeria

A. Preamble:

Recognizing, that drug trafficking continues to be a major challenge for developing economies, undermining governance, security, economic stability, and public health by fueling addiction crises and straining healthcare systems,

Acknowledging the role of transnational criminal networks in exploiting weak institutions, corruption, and limited economic opportunities to expand illicit trade,

Affirming the need for international cooperation in strengthening border security, enhancing law enforcement capabilities, and providing economic alternatives to communities dependent on illicit drug cultivation,

Emphasizing that sustainable solutions must go beyond enforcement and include economic development, rehabilitation programs, and corruption prevention, collaborating with global anti-drug education programs to raise awareness about the consequences of drug abuse, focusing on prevention and treatment.

Operative Clauses:

Calls upon member states to strengthen international cooperation in intelligence-sharing, financial tracking of criminal networks, and joint law enforcement operations.

Establishes a framework for anti-corruption training programs within law enforcement agencies to ensure transparency and accountability in anti-trafficking efforts.

Urges nations to strengthen their commitment to existing international frameworks, including the UN Convention Against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (1988), by enhancing enforcement and cooperation measures; to actively participate in the UNODC Global Programme Against Money Laundering to track and disrupt drug-related financial flows; and to align with Financial Action Task Force (FATF) guidelines to prevent illicit money transfers and terrorism financing.

Establishes the Global Anti-Narcotics Development and Enforcement Fund (GANDEF), a UN-led sub-programme under UNODC, tasked with fairly allocating voluntary financial contributions toward anti-trafficking initiatives, law enforcement capacity-building, and Alternative Development Programs. This entity a neutral third party - to ensure transparency and prevent political bias, including sustainable agriculture and economic diversification in affected regions. Participation in this programme shall remain voluntary for member states.

Stresses the importance of rehabilitation programs and public health approaches to reduce drug demand, ensuring a human rights-based response rather than purely punitive measures.

B. Conclusion

Encourages continued dialogue and collaboration through UNODC-led initiatives to track the effectiveness of anti-trafficking measures and adapt policies accordingly.

Stresses the need for a balanced approach that combines security, economic development, and human rights protections, ensuring long-term stability and awareness for developing economies.

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Thanks for participating 😊

